MEMORANDUM

To: USACE Colonel Brandon L. Bowman, Major Cory Bell, Richard McMillen, SFWMD Governing Board, Executive Director Drew Bartlett, Jennifer Reynolds, Lawrence Glenn, DEP Secretary Shawn Hamilton

From: Periodic Scientists Conference Call Participants

Kevin Godsea & Avery Renshaw - J.N. "Ding" Darling National Wildlife Refuge (NWR) Complex

Holly Milbrandt & Dana Dettmar - City of Sanibel Harry Phillips & Maya Robert - City of Cape Coral

Allie Pecenka, Rick Bartleson PhD & Matt Depaolis- Sanibel-Captiva Conservation Foundation

In coordination with Lee County

Subject: Caloosahatchee & Estuary Conditions Report

Reporting Period: July 30- August 5, 2024

This report provides a scientific assessment of Caloosahatchee River and Estuary conditions and how these conditions affect the health, productivity, and function of the system.

Caloosahatchee Conditions Summary: Flow to the Caloosahatchee Estuary had a 7-day average of 3,668 cfs at S-79 with a 7-day average of 31 cfs (1%) coming from the lake at S-77. The 14-day moving average flow at S-79 is 3,136 cfs and has been in the damaging flow envelope (>2,600 cfs; RECOVER 2020) for 3 days after 17 days in the stress flow envelope (2,100-2,600 cfs). The 14-day moving average flow at S-77 was 283 cfs.

Recommendation: With the onset of the rainy season and predictions for increased Atlantic storm intensity in the upcoming hurricane season, we ask the Army Corps to remain reactive to changing conditions in Lake Okeechobee and the Caloosahatchee River and estuary to support the ecological health of this system. In addition, we request the USACE manage flows to align with RECOVER 2020 optimum flow targets for the Caloosahatchee; being 750–2,100 cfs as measured at S-79.

USACE Action: With Lake Okeechobee stage in the Base Flow Sub-band, Part D of the 2008 LORS suggests "S-79 up to 450 cfs and S-80 up to 200 cfs".

Lake Flows: In the past 7 days the total outflow from Lake Okeechobee was 1,880 AF with 445 AF to the Caloosahatchee through S-77, -12 AF to the St. Lucie canal through S-308, 1,118 AF through the L8 canal, and 329 AF to the EAA through S-351, S-352, and S-354. The total net inflow to the Lake was 50,867 AF (50,867 AF from Fisheating Creek, S-71, S-72, S-84s, S-65EX, and S-65EX1). Water conservation areas received flows of 7,469 AF, 10,939 AF, and 3,802 AF at WCA1, WCA2, and WCA3, respectively. Everglades National Park received 19,236 AF. *Data missing from S-78 on 8/5, S-310 from 7/30- 8/5 and S-80 on 7/31 & 8/3- 8/5.

Lake Level: 13.70 ft (Low Sub-Band) Last Week: 13.52 ft Last Year: 15.29 ft

7-Day Lake Recession Rate: +0.18 ft/week

Lake Okeechobee Inflow: 4,175 cfs

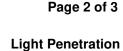
Lake Okeechobee Outflow: 0 cfs

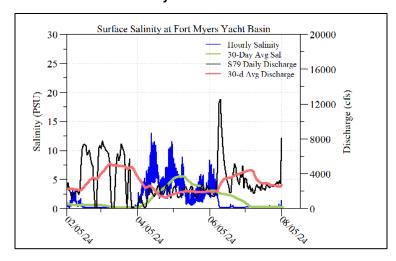
Weekly Rainfall Total: WP Franklin: 3.33" Ortona: 2.47" Moore Haven: 3.17"

Cyanobacteria Status: On 8/5/24, sampling for cyanobacteria by the Lee County Environmental Lab reported no visible cyanobacteria across all sites.

Red Tide: On 8/2/24, the FWC reported that the red tide organism, *Karenia brevis*, was not observed in samples collected statewide over the past week.

Caloosahatchee Estuary





Light Felletration							
Site	25% lz	Target Values					
	meters		NTU				
Fort Myers	ND	> 1	ND	< 18			
Shell Point	0.9	>2.2	14	< 18			
Causeway	1.4	> 2.2	20	< 5			

25% Iz is the depth (z) where irradiance (I) is 25% of surface irradiance. Target values indicate the depth of light penetration needed for healthy seagrass.

Upper Estuary Conditions: The 30-day average surface salinity at the Fort Myers Yacht Basin was 0.3 psu, within the suitable range for tape grass.

Lower Estuary Conditions: The average salinity at Shell Point RECON was 22 psu, in the optimal range for oysters but below optimal for seagrass.

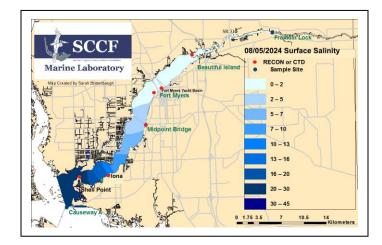
Water Quality Conditions:

Monitor Site	Salinity (psu) ^a [previous week]	Diss O ₂ (mg/L) ^b	FDOM (qsde) ^c	Chlorophyll (µg/L) ^d	Temperature (°F)
Beautiful Island	0.2 - 0.2 [0.2 - 0.2]	ND	185	8.6	88.3 – 92.8
Fort Myers Yacht Basin	0.2 - 1.4 [0.3 - 0.5]	ND	ND	ND	81.0- 92.3
Shell Point	9.3 – 32 [11 – 30]	3.9 – 7.2	80	1.5	82.3 – 92.1
McIntyre Creek	23.1 – 32.7 [25.5 – 27.9]	2.6 – 8.4	31.2 – 91.7	1.9 – 8	81.5 - 93.9
Tarpon Bay	22.0 - 33.0 [24.7 - 30.4]	3.5 - 9.0	26.0 – 119.6	1.2 – 4.1	82.4 - 93
Wulfert Flats	24.6 – 31.7 [24.6 – 27.4]	2.3 – 9.1		1.8 – 14.5	82.2 - 93.9

Red values are outside of the preferred range.

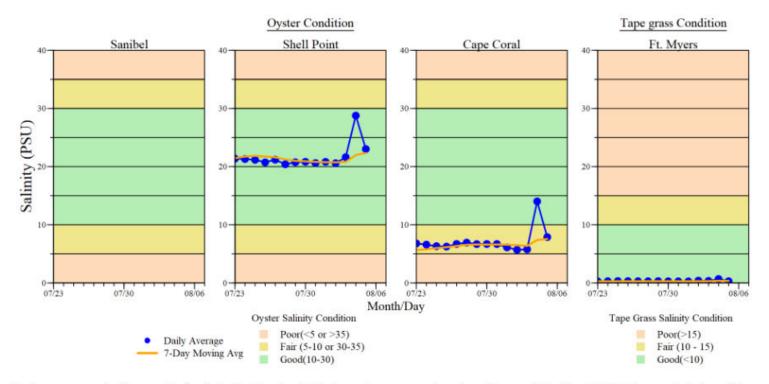
- ^a Salinity target values: BI < 5, FM < 10, SP = 10 30
- b Dissolved O₂ target values: all sites > 4
- ° FDOM target values: BI < 70, FM < 70, SP < 11
- ^d Chlorophyll target values: BI < 11, FM < 11, SP < 11
- ^f Temperature target values: < 90

Wildlife Impacts: In the past week, the CROW wildlife hospital on Sanibel admitted 3 patients with suspected red tide/toxicosis: 1 adult laughing gull (deceased), 1 adult muscovy duck (deceased) and 1 juvenile osprey (still in care). **Shellfish Advisory:** Shellfish harvest area #6212 (Pine Island Sound Section 1; Aquaculture Leases) is **OPEN** while the public reef is **CLOSED** by the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (FDACS) as of 7/13/24 due to presence of HAB *Pyrodinium bahamense*. SHA's 6222 (Pine Island Sound Sec. 2) and 6232 (Pine Island Sound Sec. 3) are **CLOSED** as of 8/3/2024 due to Hurricane Debby.



ACOE Daily Reports					
Date	S79 Flow (cfs)	S78 Flow (cfs)	S77 Flow (cfs)		
7/30/2024	2684	752	166		
7/31/2024	2802	751	48		
8/1/2024	3068	747	0		
8/2/2024	2859	740	0		
8/3/2024	3257	900	0		
8/4/2024	2876	1181	0		
8/5/2024	8128	1634	0		
7-day avg	3668	958	31		

s Single sonde lower and surface layer or surface grab lab measurement



Daily average bottom salinity data for the last 14-days from sampling locations within the tidal Caloosahatchee River Estuary relative to oyster health (Sanibel, Shell Point and Cape Coral) and tape grass (*Vallisneria americana*) health (Ft. Myers only) conditions.

*Ft. Myers sensor is in the lower strata



Water clarity at Lighthouse Beach Park on 8/7/24 at 2:17 PM on a rising tide (2.8 ft)