MEMORANDUM

To: USACE Colonel Brandon L. Bowman, Major Cory Bell, Richard McMillen, SFWMD Governing Board, Executive Director Drew Bartlett, Jennifer Reynolds, Lawrence Glenn, DEP Secretary Shawn Hamilton

From: Periodic Scientists Conference Call Participants

Kevin Godsea & Avery Renshaw - J.N. "Ding" Darling National Wildlife Refuge (NWR) Complex

Holly Milbrandt & Dana Dettmar - City of Sanibel Harry Phillips & Maya Robert - City of Cape Coral

Allie Pecenka, Rick Bartleson PhD & Matt Depaolis- Sanibel-Captiva Conservation Foundation

In coordination with Lee County

Subject: Caloosahatchee & Estuary Conditions Report

Reporting Period: September 3- 9, 2024

This report provides a scientific assessment of Caloosahatchee River and Estuary conditions and how these conditions affect the health, productivity, and function of the system.

Caloosahatchee Conditions Summary: Flow to the Caloosahatchee Estuary had a 7-day average of 3,454 cfs at S-79 with a 7-day average of 0 cfs (0%) coming from the lake at S-77. The 14-day moving average flow at S-79 is 2,859 cfs and has been in the damaging flow envelope (>2,600 cfs; RECOVER 2020) for 3 days after 12 days in the stress flow envelope (2,100-2,600 cfs). The 14-day moving average flow at S-77 was 128 cfs.

Recommendation: We ask the Army Corps to remain reactive to changing conditions in Lake Okeechobee and the Caloosahatchee River and estuary in order to support the ecological health of this system. In addition, we request the USACE manage flows to align with RECOVER 2020 optimum flow targets for the Caloosahatchee; being 750–2,100 cfs as measured at S-79.

USACE Action: Lake Okeechobee stage is in the bottom third of Zone D (Zone D3 of the PA25 simulation) of the LOSOM regulation schedule, above the ecological envelope. The current climate outlook is for ENSO-neutral with La Niña favored to develop during September-November (ENSO- increased likelihood of below normal dry season rainfall north of the Lake). The District recommends USACE implements a non-harmful release from Lake Okeechobee to the Caloosahatchee Estuary with an average discharge of 2,000 cfs (7-day pulse) as measured at the S-79 structure, zero lake releases to the St. Lucie Estuary and zero lake releases to the Lake Worth Lagoon. The USACE should continue to track Red Tide and Blue Green Algae conditions, and should conditions change during this operational period, the USACE should look to reassess releases as needed.

Lake Flows: In the past 7 days the total outflow from Lake Okeechobee was 1,405 AF with 27 AF to the Caloosahatchee through S-77, 0 AF to the St. Lucie canal through S-308, 1,378 AF through the L8 canal, and 0 AF to the EAA through S-351, S-352, and S-354. The total net inflow to the Lake was 60,653 AF (60,653 AF from Fisheating Creek, S-71, S-72, S-84s, S-65EX, and S-65EX1). Water conservation areas received flows of 8,525 AF, 19,470 AF, and 4,702 AF at WCA1, WCA2, and WCA3, respectively. Everglades National Park received 2,275 AF.
*Data missing for S-310 from 9/3- 9/9 and S-80 on 9/5.

Lake Level: 14.51 ft (Low Sub-Band) Last Week: 14.28 ft Last Year: 15.41 ft

7-Day Lake Recession Rate: +0.23 ft/week

Lake Okeechobee Inflow: 4,455 cfs

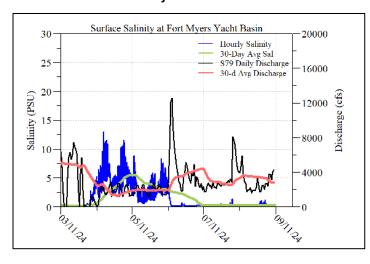
Lake Okeechobee Outflow: 0 cfs

Weekly Rainfall Total: WP Franklin: 3.42" Ortona: 3.51" Moore Haven: 1.38"

Cyanobacteria Status: On 9/9/24, sampling for cyanobacteria by the Lee County Environmental Lab reported no visible

cvanobacteria across all sites.

Red Tide: On 9/6/24, the FWC reported that the red tide organism, *Karenia brevis*, was observed at **background concentrations** in one sample from **Southwest Florida** (Manatee County) and one sample from Florida's East Coast (Flagler County) over the past week.



	9-				
Site	25% lz	Target Values	Turbidity	Target Values	
	meters		NTU		
Beautiful Is	0.6	> 1	2.7	< 18	
Shell Point	1.0	-22	15	- 18	

> 2.2

2.0

< 5

Light Penetration

25% Iz is the depth (z) where irradiance (I) is 25% of surface irradiance. Target values indicate the depth of light penetration needed for healthy seagrass.

2.7

Causeway

Upper Estuary Conditions: The 30-day average surface salinity at the Fort Myers Yacht Basin was 0.3 psu, within the suitable range for tape grass.

Lower Estuary Conditions: The average salinity at Shell Point RECON was 21 psu, in the optimal range for oysters but below optimal for seagrass.

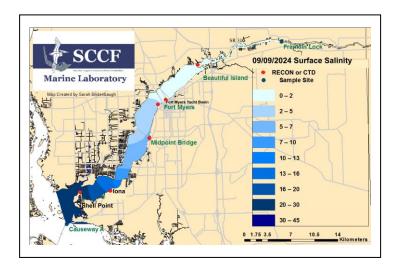
Water Quality Conditions:

Monitor Site	Salinity (psu) ^a [previous week]	Diss O ₂ (mg/L) ^b	FDOM (qsde) ^c	Chlorophyll (µg/L) ^d	Temperature (°F)
Beautiful Island	0.2 - 0.3 [0.2 - 0.2]	ND	210	7.8	87.2- <mark>90.6</mark>
Fort Myers Yacht Basin	0.3 - 0.6 [0.3 - 1.2]	ND	ND	ND	84.4- 89.3
Shell Point	11 - 30 [8.4 - 30]	4.9 - 7.3	96	2.3	84.1-89.7
McIntyre Creek	25.6 - 30.0 [22.5 - 30]	0.8 - 8.5	32.5 – 71.9	2.5 – 7.1	82.6 - 90.8
Tarpon Bay	25.5 - 31.0 [21.6 - 32.1]	2.5 – 7.9	27.2 – 66.3	1.1 – 5.0	83.5 - 92.0
Wulfert Flats	26.7 - 28.8 [24.3 - 27.4]	2.7 – 7.7		2.9 – 18.0	83.9 - 90.7

Red values are outside of the preferred range.

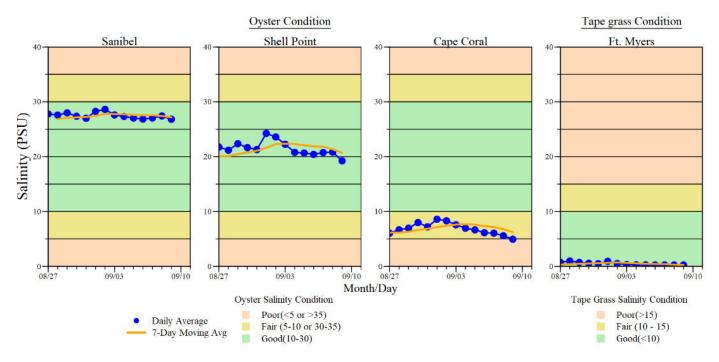
- a Salinity target values: BI < 5, FM < 10, SP = 10 30
- ^b Dissolved O₂ target values: all sites > 4
- °FDOM target values: BI < 70, FM < 70, SP < 11
- $^{\rm d}$ Chlorophyll target values: BI < 11, FM < 11, SP < 11
- ^f Temperature target values: < 90

Wildlife Impacts: In the past week, the CROW wildlife hospital on Sanibel admitted 4 patients with suspected red tide/toxicosis: 1 adult ruddy turnstone (deceased), 2 juvenile laughing gulls and 1 adult laughing gull (all still in care). **Shellfish Advisory:** Shellfish harvest area #6212 (Pine Island Sound Section 1; Aquaculture Leases) is **OPEN** while the public reef is **CLOSED** by the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (FDACS) as of 7/13/24 due to presence of HAB *Pyrodinium bahamense*. SHA's 6222 (Pine Island Sound Sec. 2) and 6232 (Pine Island Sound Sec. 3) are **OPEN** as of 8/17/2024.



ACOE Daily Reports						
Date	S79 Flow (cfs)	S78 Flow (cfs)	S77 Flow (cfs)			
9/3/2024	2743	931	0			
9/4/2024	2428	645	0			
9/5/2024	3824	1589	0			
9/6/2024	3725	1616	0			
9/7/2024	3161	1171	0			
9/8/2024	4029	1575	0			
9/9/2024	4270	1473	0			
7-day avg	3454	1286	0			

s Single sonde lower and surface layer or surface grab lab measurement



Daily average bottom salinity data for the last 14-days from sampling locations within the tidal Caloosahatchee River Estuary relative to oyster health (Sanibel, Shell Point and Cape Coral) and tape grass (*Vallisneria americana*) health (Ft. Myers only) conditions.

*Ft. Myers sensor is in the lower strata



Water clarity at Lighthouse Beach Park on 9/9/24 at 2:06 PM on a rising tide (0.9 ft).