## **MEMORANDUM**

To: USACE Colonel Brandon L. Bowman, Major Cory Bell, Richard McMillen, SFWMD Governing Board, Executive Director Drew Bartlett, Jennifer Reynolds, Lawrence Glenn, DEP Secretary Shawn Hamilton

From: Periodic Scientists Conference Call Participants

Kevin Godsea & Avery Renshaw - J.N. "Ding" Darling National Wildlife Refuge (NWR) Complex

Holly Milbrandt & Dana Dettmar - City of Sanibel Harry Phillips & Maya Robert - City of Cape Coral

Allie Pecenka, Rick Bartleson PhD & Matt Depaolis- Sanibel-Captiva Conservation Foundation

In coordination with Lee County

Subject: Caloosahatchee & Estuary Conditions Report

Reporting Period: December 3- 9, 2024

This report provides a scientific assessment of Caloosahatchee River and Estuary conditions and how these conditions affect the health, productivity, and function of the system.

Caloosahatchee Conditions Summary: Flow to the Caloosahatchee Estuary had a 7-day average of 2,305 cfs at S-79 with a 7-day average of 2,031 cfs (88%) coming from the lake at S-77. The 14-day moving average flow at S-79 is 2,070 cfs and has been in the optimum flow envelope (750- 2,100 cfs; RECOVER 2020) for 46 days. The 14-day moving average flow at S-77 was 1,801 cfs.

**Recommendation:** We ask the USACE to structure recovery flows to the CRE in a format that will benefit the ecology of the ecosystems and align with RECOVER 2020 optimum flow targets of 750- 2,100 cfs measured at S-79. We also ask that the USACE continue to monitor the proximity of active algal blooms to Southwest Florida in their decision-making processes.

**USACE Action**: Lake Okeechobee stage is in the upper third of Zone D (Zone D1 of the PA25 simulation) of the LOSOM regulation schedule, above the ecological envelope. The current climate outlook is for ENSO-neutral with La Niña favored to develop during October-December (ENSO- increased likelihood of below normal dry season rainfall north of the Lake). The District recommends the USACE initiate the process to begin non-harmful Recovery Operations for Lake Okeechobee as described in LOSOM as soon as possible to increase the likelihood of success this dry season. The District will continue to monitor system conditions throughout the system and coordinate with USACE as needed. The USACE should continue to track Red Tide and Blue Green Algae conditions, and should conditions change during this operational period, the USACE should look to reassess releases as needed.

Lake Flows: In the past 7 days the total outflow from Lake Okeechobee was 56,097 AF with 28,256 AF to the Caloosahatchee through S-77, 8,076 AF to the St. Lucie canal through S-308 and 19,765 AF to the EAA through S-351, S-352, and S-354. The total net inflow to the Lake was 17,827 AF (17,827 AF from Fisheating Creek, S-71, S-72, S-84s, S-65EX, and S-65EX1). Water conservation areas received flows of 5,013 AF, 252 AF, and 1,479 AF at WCA1, WCA2, and WCA3, respectively. Everglades National Park received 17,649 AF.
\*Data missing from S-310 & L-8 from 12/3- 12/9.

Lake Level: 15.56 (Zone D1)

Last Week: 15.76 ft

Last Year: 15.84 ft

7-Day Lake Recession Rate: -0.20 ft/week

Lake Okeechobee Inflow: 1,269 cfs

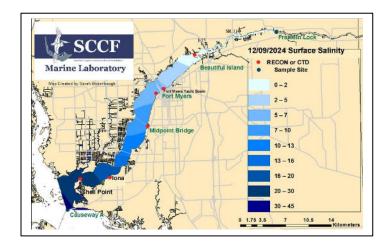
Lake Okeechobee Outflow: 5,276 cfs

Weekly Rainfall Total: WP Franklin: 0.00" Ortona: 0.00" Moore Haven: 0.00"

Cyanobacteria Status: On 12/10/24, sampling for cyanobacteria by the Lee County Environmental Lab reported no

visible cyanobacteria across all sites.

**Red Tide:** On 12/6/24, the FWC reported that the red tide organism, *Karenia brevis*, was detected in 54 samples collected from Southwest Florida over the past week. *K. brevis* was observed at background to medium concentrations in Pinellas County, low concentrations in Hillsborough County, background to low concentrations in Manatee County, background to medium concentrations in Sarasota County, low to medium concentrations in Charlotte County, and **background to medium concentrations in and offshore of Lee County.** 



**Light Penetration** 

Site	25% lz	Target Values	Turbidity	Target Values	
	meters		NTU		
Beautiful Is	0.7	> 1	4.0	< 18	
<b>Shell Point</b>	1.0	>2.2	1.2	< 18	
Causeway	2.8	> 2.2	1.9	< 5	

**25% Iz** is the depth (z) where irradiance (I) is 25% of surface irradiance. Target values indicate the depth of light penetration needed for healthy seagrass.

**Upper Estuary Conditions:** The data for the 30-day average surface salinity at the Fort Myers Yacht Basin was not available.

**Lower Estuary Conditions:** The weekly average salinity at the Shell Point RECON was 23 psu, in the optimal range for oysters but below optimal for seagrass. Medium concentrations of *Karenia* were present in an SCCF water sample from Turner Beach on 12/6/2024. *Karenia* concentrations ranged from low at Turner Beach to background at Tarpon Beach on 12/9/2024.

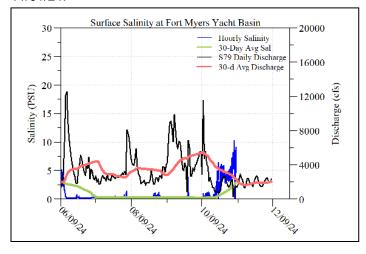
## **Water Quality Conditions:**

Monitor Site	Salinity (psu) <sup>a</sup> [previous week]	Diss O <sub>2</sub> (mg/L) <sup>b</sup>	FDOM (qsde) <sup>c</sup>	Chlorophyll (µg/L) <sup>d</sup>	Temperature (°F)
Beautiful Island	0.3 - 1.7 [0.9 - 1.7]	5.6 - 6.8	170	6.8	66.9–73.1
Fort Myers Yacht Basin	[ND]	ND	ND	ND	ND
Shell Point	14 -30 [14 -31]	6.8-8.6	100	3.5	60.5 -67.9
McIntyre Creek	ND [ND]	ND	ND	ND	ND
Tarpon Bay	26.8 - 30.3 [26.7 - 31.6]	5.1 – 9.5	33.0 - 56.3	1.3 – 2.7	58.9 – 68.1
Wulfert Flats	ND [ND]	ND	ND	ND	ND

Red values are outside of the preferred range.

**Wildlife Impacts:** In the past week, the CROW wildlife hospital on Sanibel admitted **1 patient** with suspected red tide/toxicosis: 1 adult laughing gull (deceased).

**Shellfish Advisory:** Shellfish harvest area #6212 (Pine Island Sound Section 1; Aquaculture Lease and Public Reef) are **CLOSED** due to the presence of *Karenia Brevis* as of 11/06/24. SHA #6222 (North Matlacha Pass) and SHA #6232 (South Matlacha Pass) are **OPEN** by the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (FDACS) as of 11/01/24.



ACOE Daily Reports					
Date	S79 Flow (cfs)	S78 Flow (cfs)	S77 Flow (cfs)		
12/3/24	2332	1741	2039		
12/4/24	2527	2045	2287		
12/5/24	2213	1868	2312		
12/6/24	1908	1130	1558		
12/7/24	1980	1328	1499		
12/8/24	2390	2095	2292		
12/9/24	2786	1951	2229		
7-day avg	2305	1737	2031		

a Salinity target values: BI < 5, FM < 10, SP = 10 - 30

b Dissolved O<sub>2</sub> target values: all sites > 4

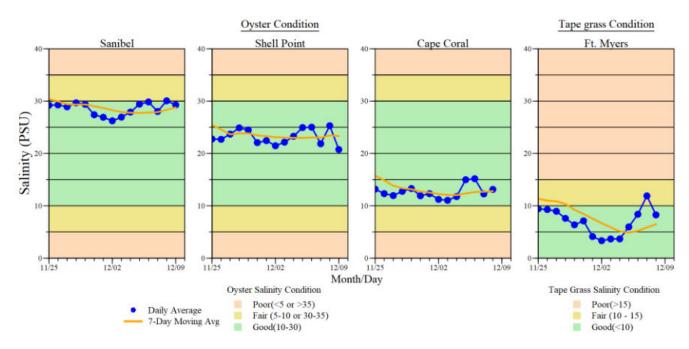
<sup>°</sup> FDOM target values: BI < 70, FM < 70, SP < 11

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> Chlorophyll target values: BI < 11, FM < 11, SP < 11

f Temperature target values: < 90

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>s</sup> Single sonde lower and surface layer or surface grab lab measurement

<sup>----</sup> no data



Daily average bottom salinity data for the last 14-days from sampling locations within the tidal Caloosahatchee River Estuary relative to oyster health (Sanibel, Shell Point and Cape Coral) and tape grass (*Vallisneria americana*) health (Ft. Myers only) conditions.

\*Ht. Myers sensor is in the lower strata



Water clarity at Lighthouse Beach Park on 12/9/24 at 1:00 PM on a slack tide (0.7 ft).